SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1- MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ARMORLUX PRIMER, RED Product Code: H-1212

Manufacturer's Name: Induron Protective Coatings, LLC Address: 3333 Richard Arrington Blvd. N. Birmingham, Alabama 35234

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 Information Phone: (205)324-9584

Section 2 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer
Mutagen	1B	Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxin	1B	Presumed, Based on experimental animals
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5

mm2/s at 40° C.

GHS Hazards

H225	Highly flammable		
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways		
H315	Causes skin irritation		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation		
H340	May cause genetic defects		
H350	May cause cancer		
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child		
GHS Precautions			
P201	Obtain special instructions before use		
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood		
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking.		
P233	Keep container tightly closed.		
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.		
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.		
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.		
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.		
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.		
P264	Wash equipment and contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.		
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required		
P321	Wash contaminated skin, follow Physcian's instructions for treatment.		
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting		

P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P333+P313	If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337+P313	Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use CO2, water spray, foam, or dry chemical to extinguish.
P405	Store locked up
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance to approriate regulations and laws.

Signal Word: Danger



Preexisting skin, eye, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Impaired kidney and liver functions from preexisting disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

Kidney damage may be evidenced by changes in urine output, urine appearance, or edema (swelling from fluid retention). Liver damage may be evidenced by loss of appetite, jaundice and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right side.

Section 3 - Hazards Identification				
Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %		
Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate)	14807-96-6	20.00% - 30.00%		
STODDARD SOLVENT	8052-41-3	10.00% - 20.00%		
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-	98-56-6	5.00% - 10.00%		
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	1.00% - 5.00%		
*! ZINC OXIDE	1314-13-2	1.00% - 5.00%		
Mixed Xylenes	1330-20-7	1.00% - 5.00%		
RED IRON OXIDE COLORANT	1309-37-1	1.00% - 5.00%		
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	0.10% - 1.00%		
2-ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	0.10% - 1.00%		
2-ETHYL BENZENE	91-20-3	0.10% - 1.00%		
METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME	96-29-7	0.10% - 1.00%		

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - If product solids are inhaled either as dust or in the form of a spray mist, remove the person from exposure immediately. If breathing is difficult, irregular, or has stopped, start resuscitation; call a physician. Administer oxygen if a qualified operator is available.

EYE CONTACT - In case of eye contact, flush the eyes with water for fifteen (15) minutes. If contact lenses are worn, quickly remove them, then flush the eyes with water. Have a physician examine the eyes.

SKIN CONTACT - In case of skin contact, remove contaminated clothing. Flush the skin with large amounts of water, then wash the skin with soap and water.

INGESTION - If material is ingested, seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep the head below the hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Notes to Physician: No data found

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: 18 C (64 F) LEL: 1.00

UEL:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), "alcohol" foam, dry chemical systems. Direct water application may cause violent frothing.

UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: The product may contain linseed oil and represents a spontaneoush combustion hazard. To avoid spontaneous combustion soak soiled rags and waste in water immediately after use in a closed metal containor.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons

FIRE FIGHTING: If evacuation of personnel is necessary, evacuate to an upwind area. Decontaminate personnel and equipment with a water wash-down after fire and smoke exposure.Use water spray to cool unopened containors.

FIRE FIGHTING: If evacuation of personnel is necessary, evacuate to an upwind area. Decontaminate personnel and equipment with a water wash-down after fire and smoke exposure.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES: Spill supervisor - Ensure cleanup personnel wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including respiratory protection. Remove all ignition sources. Keep nonessential personnel away from the contaminated area.

SMALL SPILLS: Ventilate the contaminated area. Using nonsparking tools, mix the appropriate sorbent into the spilled material. Use an absorbent like sawdust for aqueous, waterborne, and solvent-borne coatings.

Collect the saturated sorbent and transfer it into a covered container. Steel containers are acceptable for all wastes except wastes which contain acid. Use suitable plastic containers for acid-bearing wastes. Wet absorbant materials with water to prevent spontaneous combustion with alkyd type formulas.

Dispose of the waste in compliance with all Federal, state, regional, and local regulations. LARGE SPILLS: Prevent this material from entering sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding the spilled material. Advise authorities if the product has entered or may enter, sewers, watercourses, or extensive land areas.

Ventilate the contaminated area. Using nonsparking tools, mix the appropriate sorbent into the spilled material. Use an absorbent like sawdust for aqueous, waterborne, and solvent-borne coatings.

Collect the saturated sorbent and transfer it into a covered container. Steel containers are acceptable for all wastes except wastes which contain acid. Use suitable plastic containers for acid-bearing wastes. Wet absorbant with water for alkyd type spills.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: Wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Wear respiratory protection or ensure adequate ventilation at all times as vapors can accumulate in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Use the product in a manner which minimizes splashes and/or the creation of dust. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not handle or store material near heat, sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition. Store at room temperatures, i.e., 40 to 95 F (4 to 35 C).

STORAGE: Prevent from freezing. Do not store above 120 F (49 C).

Store only in original containers.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS: No data found.

	Section 8 - Exposure Contro	Is / Personal Protection	
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate) 14807-96-6	Not Established	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	NIOSH: 2 mg/m3 TWA (containing no Asbestos and <1% Quartz, respirable dust)
STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)
Benzene, 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)- 98-56-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Dimethyl Carbonate 616-38-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
*! ZINC OXIDE 1314-13-2	5 mg/m3 TWA (fume); 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	dust); 5 fraction) (dust and fu	
Mixed Xylenes 1330-20-7	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	Not Established
RED IRON OXIDE COLORANT 1309-37-1	10 mg/m3 TWA (fume); 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust, listed under Rouge); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction, listed under Rouge)	(total dust, fraction) (dust and fume Rouge); 5 (respirable	
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy 64742-48-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
2-ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	5 mg/m3 20 ppm TWA NIOSH: 100 pp 435 mg/m3 125 ppm STE mg/m3 ST	
2-ETHYL BENZENE 91-20-3	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA	10 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA 15 ppm STEL; 75 mg/m3 STEL
METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME 96-29-7	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

ENGINEERING: Ensure processing (curing) ovens are properly vented to prevent the introduction of processing fumes into the workplace. Use explosion-proof equipment and good manufacturing practice.

VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation, i.e., ventilation in compliance with occupational exposure limits.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS: No data found.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Wear splash goggles. If extra protection is required, wear a face shield over the splash goggles. Face shields are effective only if worn in addition to splash goggles.

Wear a chemical-resistant, butyl-rubber apron and other protective clothing, as deemed appropriate, to avoid skin contact with material.

Wear chemical-resistant gloves (butyl rubber or neoprene). Protective gloves should be inspected frequently and discarded when they exhibit cuts, tears, pinholes, or signs of excessive wear.

CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT: Dispose of the waste in compliance with all Federal, state, regional, and local regulations.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances: Appearance: N/A Odor: N/A Vapor Pressure: 10.2 mmHg Odor threshold: N/A Vapor Density: 3.5 pH: N/A **DENSITY** 12.41 Melting point: N/A Freezing point: N/A Solubility: N/A Boiling range: 91°C Flash point: 64 F,18 C Evaporation rate: N/A Flammability: N/A Explosive Limits: N/A Partition coefficient (n- N/A octanol/water): Autoignition temperature: N/A Decomposition temperature: N/A Viscosity: N/A Coating VOC Lb/Gal 2.73

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

STABLE

Components of this mixture are incompatible with the following materials:

This mixture is likely to exhibit the following combustion products:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

		Section 11	- Toxicological Information		
Mixture Toxicity Inhalation Toxicity L0	C50: 337mg/L				
Routes of Entry:					
Exposure to this material	may affect the foll	lowing organs	:		
Blood Eyes	Kidneys	Liver	Central Nervous System	Skin	Cardiovascular
•	atory System				
Effects of Overexposure	9				
0	•		% or more of this mixture and a		
•	• •		A (mandatory listing), or ACGI		
CAS Number	Description	-	<u>% Weight</u>	Carcinogen Rating	
64742-48-9			•		
	hydrotreate	ed heavy		heavy: EU RE	EACH: Present (P)
8052-41-3	STODDAR	D SOLVENT	10 to 20%	STODDARD	SOLVENT: EU
0002 41 0				REACH: Pres	0011111110
100-41-4	2-ETHYL B	ENZENE	1 to 1.0%	2-ETHYL BEI	NZENE: IARC:
				Possible hum	an carcinogen
				OSHA: listed	

2-ETHYL BENZENE: IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological information: No data found.

Component Ecotoxicity Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate)	96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: >100 g/L [semi-static]
Benzene, 1-chloro-4- (trifluoromethyl)-	48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 3.68 mg/L
Mixed Xylenes	 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 19 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 780 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: >780 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 2200 mg/L
2-ETHYL BENZENE	 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.55 - 11 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 32 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 9.6 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4.6 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >438 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static]
2-ETHYL BENZENE	 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 5.74 - 6.44 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 1.6 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.91 - 2.82 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1.99 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 31.0265 mg/L [static] 48 Hr LC50 Daphnia magna: 2.16 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.96 mg/L [Flow through]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.09 - 3.4 mg/L [Static]
METHYL ETHYL KETONE OXIME	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 777 - 914 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 760 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 750 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 83 mg/L
	Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

As the US EPA, state, regional, and other regulatory agencies may have jurisdiction over the disposal of your facility's hazardous waste, it is incumbent upon you, the hazardous waste generator, to learn of and satisfy all the requirements which affect you. Dispose of the hazardous waste at a properly licensed and permitted disposal site or facility. Ensure conformity to all applicable hazardous waste disposal regulations.

The US EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers which follow are applicable to this unadulterated product if the product enters the "waste stream." Refer to Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 261 (40 CFR 261). This part of the Code identifies solid wastes which are subject to regulation under various sections of the Code and which are subject to the notification requirements of Section 3010 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

		ansport Information		
Section	14 - Transport Information			
Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
dot Iata	PAINT PAINT	1263 1263	 	3 3
	15: Regula	tory Information		
product cor reproductiv 91-20- 100-41 HAZARDO 91-20- 100-41	lifornia Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcemen tains the following chemicals which are listed by the toxin: 3 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % JS AIR POLLUTANTS 3 2-ETHYL BENZENE -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0-7 Mixed Xylenes			
MASSACH 91-20- 100-41 1309-3 1330-2 1314-1 616-38 8052-4	USETTS RIGHT TO KNOW 3 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % 7-1 RED IRON OXIDE COLORANT 1 to 5 % 0-7 Mixed Xylenes 1 to 5 % 3-2 *! ZINC OXIDE 1 to 5 % -6 Dimethyl Carbonate 1 to 5 % 1-3 STODDARD SOLVENT 10 to 20 % 96-6 Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate) 20 to 30	%		
91-20- 100-41 1309-3 1330-2 1314-1 616-38 8052-4	EY RIGHT TO KNOW 3 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % 7-1 RED IRON OXIDE COLORANT 1 to 5 % 0-7 Mixed Xylenes 1 to 5 % 3-2 *! ZINC OXIDE 1 to 5 % -6 Dimethyl Carbonate 1 to 5 % 1-3 STODDARD SOLVENT 10 to 20 % 96-6 Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate) 20 to 30	%		
91-20- 100-41 1309-3 1330-2 1314-1 616-38 8052-4	ANIA RIGHT TO KNOW 3 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0.1 to 1.0 % 7-1 RED IRON OXIDE COLORANT 1 to 5 % 0-7 Mixed Xylenes 1 to 5 % 3-2 *! ZINC OXIDE 1 to 5 % -6 Dimethyl Carbonate 1 to 5 % 1-3 STODDARD SOLVENT 10 to 20 % 96-6 Talc (hydrous magnesium silicate) 20 to 30	%		
	LIST FOR SARA 311 0-7 Mixed Xylenes			
1330-2	0-7 Mixed Xylenes			
100-41	LIST FOR SARA 313 -4 2-ETHYL BENZENE 0-7 Mixed Xylenes			

Country

EU Risk Phrases

Safety Phrase

- None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 8/22/2016